Moses, Maimonides and the Alter Rebbe

Letters and Numbers of Torah - Shemot

By Rabbi Aaron L. Raskin

Chabad of Brooklyn Heights

Exodus 4:2-4:3

וַיֹּאמֶר מַטֶּה בַּיָדֶדְ וַיֹּאמֶר מַשֶּה וַיֹּאמֶר מַשֶּה וַיֹּאמֶר מַשֶּה

And the Lord said to him, "What is this in your hand?" And he said, "A staff."

וַיֹּאמֶר הַשְׁלִיכֵהוּ אַרְצָה וַיַּשְׁלִיכֵהוּ אַרְצָה וַיְהִי לְנָחָשׁ וַיָּנָס מֹשֶׁה מִפָּנִיו

And He said, "Cast it to the ground," and he cast it to the ground, and it became a serpent, and Moses fled from before it

We find a kri-and-a-ksiv in the phrase, Mah zeh b'yadecha, "What is in your hand?" How do we understand this?

Rashi on Exodus 4:2

Its simple meaning is [that God is talking to Moses] as a person who says to his friend, "Do you admit that this before you is a stone?" He answers him, "Yes." "Well, I will make it into a tree."

Why must Rashi give a parable at all? Can't we understand the simple phrase 'ma zeh' on its own? Furthermore, in the above verse, a staff turns into a snake. How is the parable — a stone turning into a tree — relevant?

